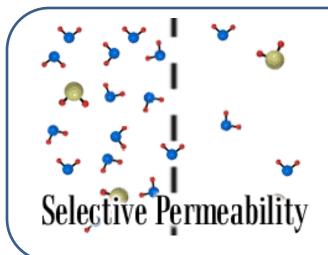
REVIEW: Cellular Transport

Cell Membrane ✓ Made of <u>lipids & proteins</u> ✓ It is <u>selectively permeable</u> Protein molecule Protein channel (bilayer)



➤ allows <u>some molecules to pass</u> through <u>but not others</u>



Will a molecule pass through the cell membrane?



It DEPENDS on its **SIZE!**

The 2 LAYERs of the CELL MEMBRANE (called the PHOSPHOLIPID BILAYER!)

The HYDROPHILIC Layer

- ✓ It *LOVES WATER*
- ✓ It is <u>ALWAYS on the OUTSIDE</u> of the membrane

The HYDROPHOBIC Layer

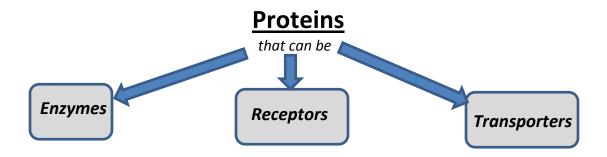
- ✓ It <u>FEARS WATER</u>
- ✓ It is <u>ALWAYS on the INSIDE</u> of the membrane

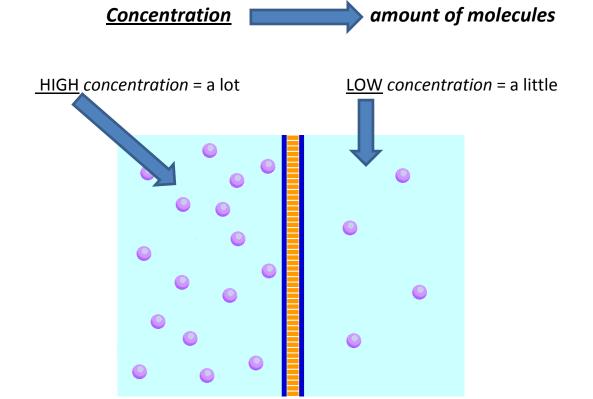
Hydrophilic Region "water loving" Hydrophobic Region "water fearing" Transport Protein

Cell Membrane



These layers are made of....





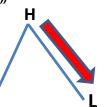
<u>Concentration Gradient</u> = <u>different amount</u> of molecules <u>on either side</u>

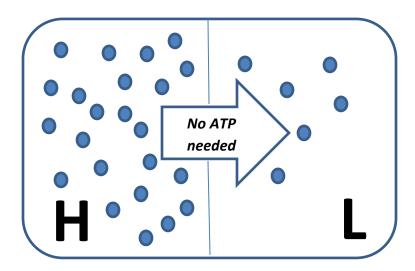
Equilibrium = same amount on each side



Passive Transport

- ✓ *NO ENERGY* needed (*NO ATP*!)
- ✓ Molecules move from <u>HIGH to LOW</u> because they <u>want to spread out</u>.
- ✓ Moving "<u>down the concentration gradient</u>."

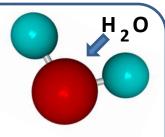




Diffusion

- ✓ Movement of molecules from <u>HIGH to LOW</u>
- ✓ *NO ATP* needed!





OSMOSIS is PASSIVE TRANSPORT (no energy was needed!)

Remember....

STARCH is TOO BIG to pass through the membrane **Starch STOP!**

GLUCOSE is SMALL enough to pass through the membrane
Glucose GO!



"Where there is SALT.....WATER will follow."

SALT Solution will <u>pull water OUT OF THE CELL</u>.....the <u>CELL SHRINKS</u>

DISTILLED WATER will push water INTO THE CELL.....the CELL GROWS

Active Transport

- ✓ <u>Requires ENERGY</u> to move molecules
- ✓ Pumps molecules "up the concentration gradient."
- ✓ Molecules move from LOW to HIGH

