

Types of PRONOUNS

Personal Pronouns - stand in for people, places, things and ideas.

<i>I</i>	<i>me</i>	<i>mine</i>
<i>you</i>	<i>you</i>	<i>yours</i>
<i>she</i>	<i>him</i>	<i>his</i>
<i>he</i>	<i>her</i>	<i>hers</i>
<i>it</i>	<i>them</i>	<i>theirs</i>
<i>we</i>	<i>us</i>	<i>ours</i>
<i>they</i>	<i>it</i>	<i>its</i>



These pronouns have a definite ANTECEDENT (the “noun before the pronoun”)

Demonstrative Pronouns - point out specific persons, animals, places, things or ideas.

“They point to something”

This
That
These
Those



Interrogative pronouns - are used to ask questions.

Who
Whom
Whose
What
which



Indefinite pronouns - do not refer to any particular persons or places or things. They replace nouns without specifying which noun they replace.

“They are not definite about which ones”



Singular:

Another
Anybody
anyone
anything
each
either
everybody
everyone
everything
little

Much
Neither
Nobody
no one
nothing
one
other
somebody
someone
something

Plural:

Both
Few
Many
Others
several

Singular or Plural:

All
Any
More
Most
None
some

These pronouns usually do not have an ANTECEDENT